## Research Data Governance and Sharing Framework *Updates*

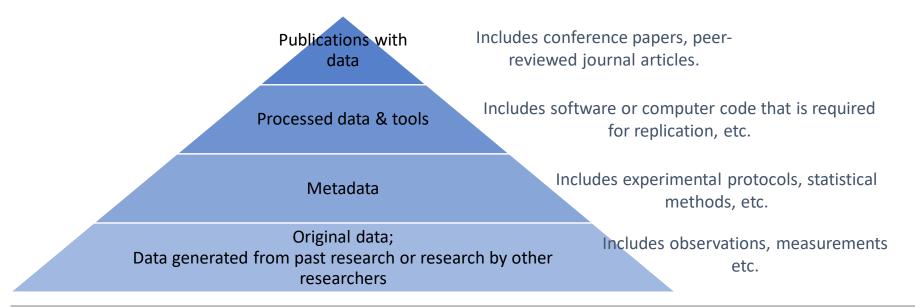
## Framework for Research Data Governance and Sharing

- NMRC developed a Framework for Research Data Governance and Sharing, which was endorsed by the HBMS EXCO in October 2014.
- The framework requires publicly-funded project to:
  - a) Allow open access to peer-reviewed publication
  - b) Share final research data for projects seeking funding of S\$250,000 and above
- The Research Data Governance and Sharing Working Committee recommended a 2-phase implementation of the framework.

Phase 1	Phase 2
<ul> <li>Requires open access to peer-reviewed publication</li> <li>Applies to all existing or new projects w.e.f. May 2015</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Requires sharing of final research data</li> <li>Applies to new projects seeking funding of \$250,000 and above</li> </ul>

#### Final Research Data

 Final Research Data refers to recorded factual material commonly accepted in the scientific community as necessary to document and support research findings.



Does not include laboratory notebooks, preliminary analyses, drafts of scientific papers, plans for future research, peer review reports, communications with colleagues, or physical objects, such as gels or laboratory specimens

### Broad Principles for Research Data Sharing

# Timeliness

- Data to be made available at the earliest feasible opportunity.
- Delays or restrictions on data sharing may be justified to gain intellectual property protection or to further develop technology for public benefit.
- Peer-reviewed publications to be made publicly available no longer than 12 months after official date of publication.

#### Human Subjects and Privacy



- Rights and privacy of human subjects to be protected at all times.
- Data shared to be de-identified.
- Informed consent to include explicit provision for sharing of data for wider or future research use, subject's approval to be contacted should study show that clinical intervention is required, and consent to collect clinical data from national-level databases.

## Governance of Data Access

- Private companies involved in publicly funded research with RCA can have access to the deidentified data to support collaborated research.
- Data Access Oversight Committee (DAOC) to oversee the implementation of policy, resolve disagreements relating to data access requests and handle appeals.

#### Supplemental Baseline Requirements

Feedback from institutions for NMRC to put in place high-level baseline requirements to assist institutions in formulating the institutional policies to support the sharing of research data.

Baseline requirements for sharing of research data in 6 areas were developed:

- 1. Type of Research Data to Share
- 2. Timeframe for Sharing Research Data
- 3. Where to Store Research Data
- 4. Human Subjects and Privacy
- 5. Access of Data and Governance
- 6. Data Retention Period

## Supplemental Baseline Requirements – Summary (1)

Type of Research Data to Share	<ul> <li>Final research data* and its associated metadata from all type of studies.</li> <li>For clinical data, should there be reasonable limitation to sharing, a minimum set of clinical data, including basic demographic (age, gender and race), and disease or condition (diagnosis), should be included.</li> </ul>
Timeframe for Sharing Research Data	<ul> <li>Data to be shared no longer than 12 months after official date of publication if dataset is used for publications. Otherwise, data should be shared within 24 months after grant completion.</li> </ul>
Where to Store Research Data	<ul> <li>A copy of the final research data to be stored in a centralized research data repository on the Business Research Analytics Insights Network (BRAIN) platform developed by IHIS.</li> </ul>

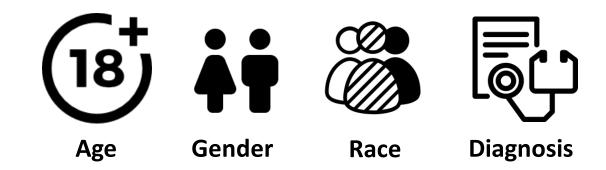
\* Final research data refers to recorded factual material commonly accepted in the scientific community as necessary to document and support research findings. This does not mean summary statistics or tables; rather, it means the data on which summary statistics and tables are based. <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/data\_sharing/data\_sharing\_guidance.htm#fin">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/data\_sharing/data\_sharing\_guidance.htm#fin</a>

### Supplemental Baseline Requirements – Summary (2)

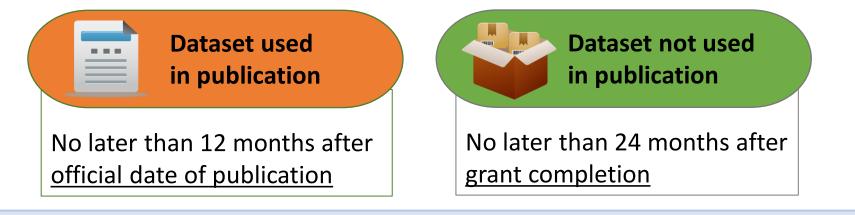
Data Retention Period	<ul> <li>Research Data residing in the centralized data repository on BRAIN platform will be retained for a minimum period of 10 years and will be subject to NMRC Data Repository Archival protocol.</li> </ul>
Human Subjects and Privacy	<ul> <li>Institutions to provide Institutional Certification prior to fund disbursement to assure that submission of data is consistent with the Data Sharing policy, and that an IRB has reviewed the investigator's data sharing plan.</li> <li>Investigators will submit de-identified data to the NMRC Data Repository and the re-identification key will be given to NMRC-designated trusted third party broker.</li> <li>Controlled access for all human subject related datasets.</li> </ul>
Access of Data and Governance	<ul> <li>For managed access data, qualified investigators are to submit a Data Access Request (DAR) endorsed by the requesting Investigator's institution. The endorsed DAR will be reviewed by the data contributor's institution-based Data Access Committee/ Representative.</li> </ul>

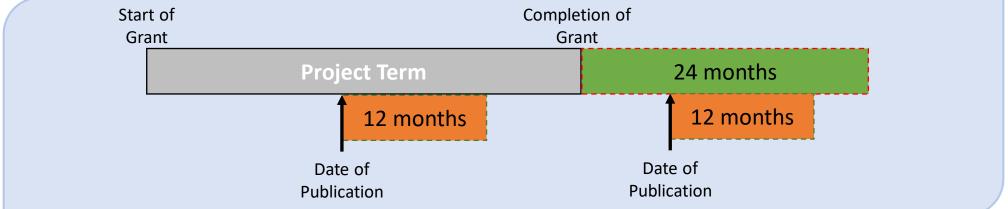
### 1. Type of Research Data to Share

- Researchers are required to share data for <u>all types of studies</u>, including <u>final research data and its associated metadata</u>.
- With respect to clinical data, if there are reasonable limitations to sharing, a minimum set of clinical data should be shared.



### 2. Timeframe for Sharing Research Data

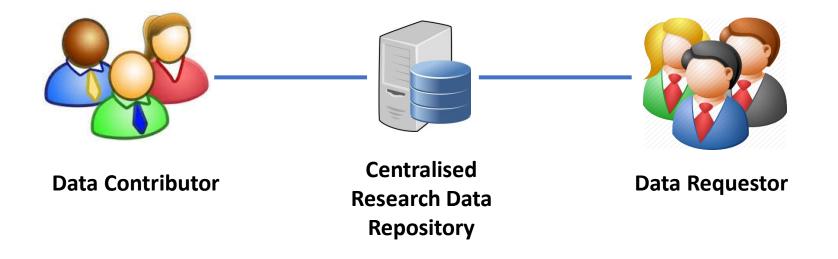




Extension of deadline may be sought if there are strong justifications for the extension (e.g. manuscript under review) and evidence of the same, subject to NMRC's approval.

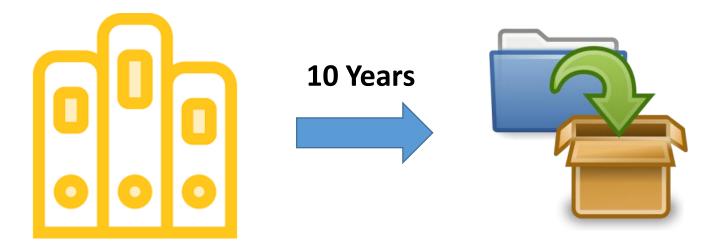
#### 3. Where to Store Research Data

A copy of the research data to be stored in a <u>centralised research data</u> <u>repository</u> on the Business Research Analytics Insights Network (BRAIN) platform developed by IHiS.

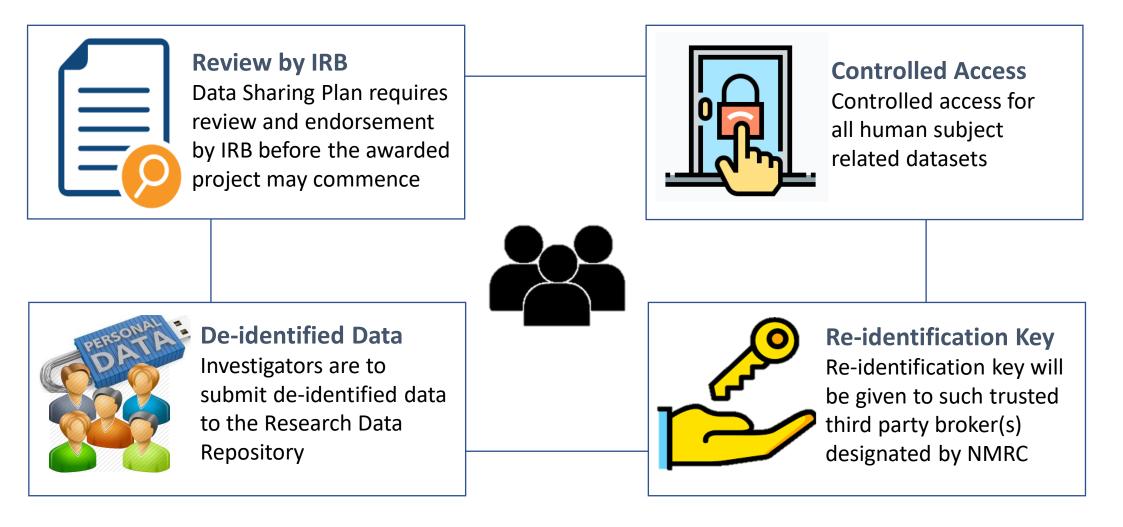


#### 4. Data Retention Period

- Research Data residing in the Research Data Repository will be retained for a <u>minimum period of ten (10) years</u>.
- NMRC will work with IHiS to develop plan for long-term/permanent archival of research data.



#### 5. Human Subjects and Privacy



### 5. Human Subjects and Privacy

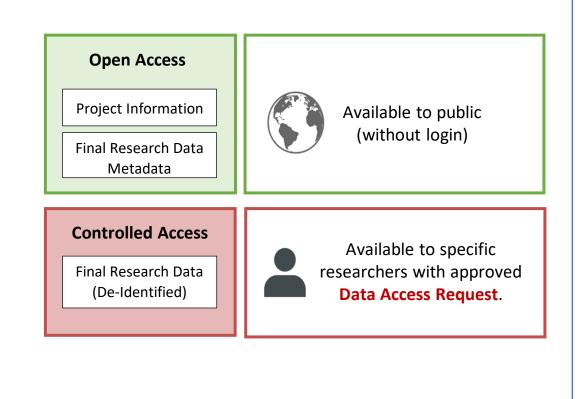


#### **Review by IRB**

Data Sharing Plan requires review and endorsement by IRB before the awarded project may commence

- The IRB review should include <u>assessment/consideration</u> on
  - Consistency of data submission with the informed consent procedures;
  - Consistency of plan for de-identifying dataset with the standards required;
  - Sensitive data that may potentially lead to stigmatization;
  - Appropriate parameters for use of data through the use of data use limitations that could minimise the potential for harm.
- Investigators and their institutions may request removal of data on individual participants from the repository in the event that consent is withdrawn. However, data that have already been distributed to approved users for research will not be able to be retrieved.

#### 6. Access of Data and Governance



#### For Controlled Access Datasets

Qualified investigators\* are to <u>submit a Data Access Request</u> (<u>DAR</u>) that includes a proposed Research Use Statement^ and a signed Data Use Certification Agreement<sup>#</sup>. The DAR must be endorsed by the requesting Investigator's institution.



The endorsed DAR will be <u>reviewed by the Data Contributor's</u> <u>institution-based Data Access Committee/ Representative.</u> Decisions to grant access should be made based on whether the proposed use of the dataset is scientifically and ethically appropriate, and whether the request conforms to the Data Sharing Policy and is consistent with the Data Use Limitations<sup>@</sup> prescribed for the dataset. Appeals for rejected request could will be evaluated by the

NMRC Data Access Oversight Committee (DAOC).

### 6. Access of Data and Governance

#### Footnote

\* Qualified Investigators must be employees with a primary appointment in a local public institution at a level equivalent to a Principal Investigator. Laboratory staff and trainees such as graduate students, and postdoctoral fellows are not permitted to submit data requests.

^ Research Use Statement (cap at 2 pages with Arial font 10) should include the following components:

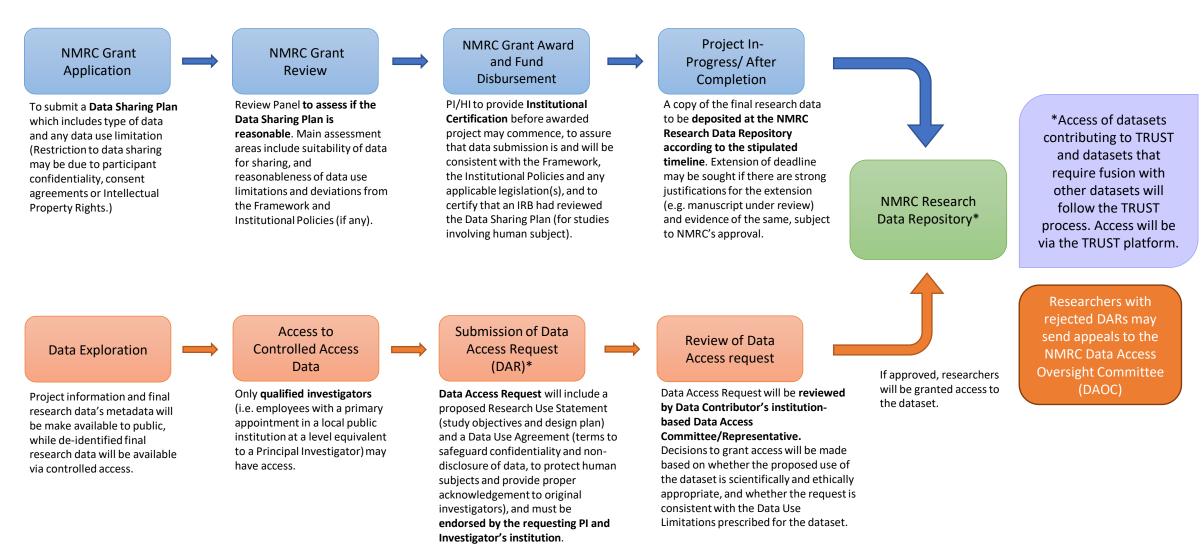
- Objectives of the proposed research;
- Study design and analysis plan;
- Explanation of how the proposed research is consistent with the data use limitations of the requested dataset; and
- Brief description of any planned collaboration with researchers at other institutions, including the name of the collaborator(s) and their institution(s).

#### # Data Use Certification Agreement would include the following terms:

- To use the data only for the approved research;
- To protect the confidentiality of the data;
- To not attempt to identify or contact individual participants from whom the data were obtained;
- To not distribute the data to any third-party entity or individual;
- To adopt appropriate data security measures to ensure that only authorized individuals can gain access to the data files;
- To follow applicable law, regulations and local institutional policies and procedures for handling data
- To acknowledge in all oral or written presentations, disclosures, or publications the contributing investigator(s) who conducted the original study, the funding organization(s) that supported the work and the specific dataset(s); and
- To agree to the listing of requester name and institutional affiliation, and the approved use of dataset.

@ Data Use Limitations will be part of the Data Sharing Plan submitted by data owners during grant application. The limitations should be based on the terms of informed consent of the study participants from whom the data are generated, or based on valid justifications. Example of limitations include dataset can only be used for nonprofit organization, or dataset can only be used for health/biomedical research, or dataset can only be used for research related to a specific disease.

#### Research Data Sharing Flowchart



## What is expected from Researcher (or Data Contributor) of NMRC-Funded Research

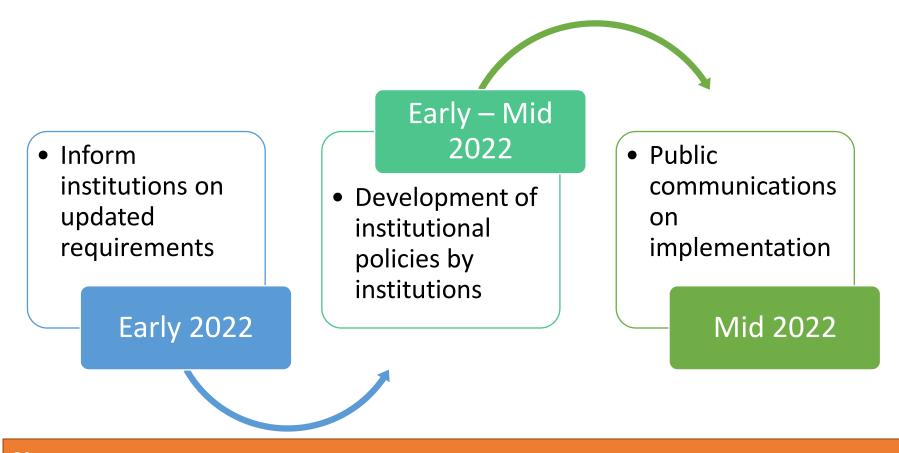
	Datasets contributing to TRUST (e.g. OF-LCG project)	Datasets not contributing to TRUST
Sharing Pre-agreement	Establish contributor pre-agreement with TRUST to establish terms of sharing	NA
Cleaning and data curation	Data contributor is responsible for preparing de- identified final research data and meta-data for submission. TRUST data cleaning team will work with data contributor to share data standards, mapping tables, algorithms etc. to support the data cleaning process.	Data contributor is responsible for preparing de- identified final research data and meta-data for submission.
Storage in RDS	Adhere to the timeframe <sup>*</sup> to deposit the final research data in RDS. The cleaned de-identified data from TRUST will be accepted as final research data deposited to fulfil NMRC's requirement.	Adhere to the timeframe <sup>*</sup> to deposit the de-identified final research data in RDS.

\* As per the timeframe defined under the supplemental baseline requirement, i.e. no longer than 12 months after official date of publication if dataset is used for publications. Otherwise, within 24 months after grant completion.

## What is expected from Researcher (or Data Contributor) of NMRC-Funded Research

	Datasets contributing to TRUST (e.g. OF-LCG project	Datasets not contributing to TRUST
Access	Access request will follow TRUST process, involving TRUST DAC comprising institutional rep (i.e. PHIs, IHLs)	Access request will be assessed by institution-based DAC/Rep.
	Upon approval by TRUST DAC, Data would be drawn directly from agreed source system under the pre- agreement into TRUST.	For access to such dataset on its own (i.e. no fusion with other datasets), RDS (via Brain) will continue to support the use case.
	Access of fused research data, govt admin data, real world data etc. is via TRUST platform.	When fusion with other datasets (e.g. other research data, govt admin data, real world data) is required, researchers are to submit request to TRUST.

#### Conveyance/Implementation Timeline



#### Note:

Institutional policies/guidelines are to be ready by <u>30 June 2022</u>. A copy of the institutional policy/guidelines is to be sent to the NMRC for reference.