



Partner in Academic Medicine



# Antibody-dependent dengue virus infection: new insights, new challenges

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Aedes associated  
MBFV

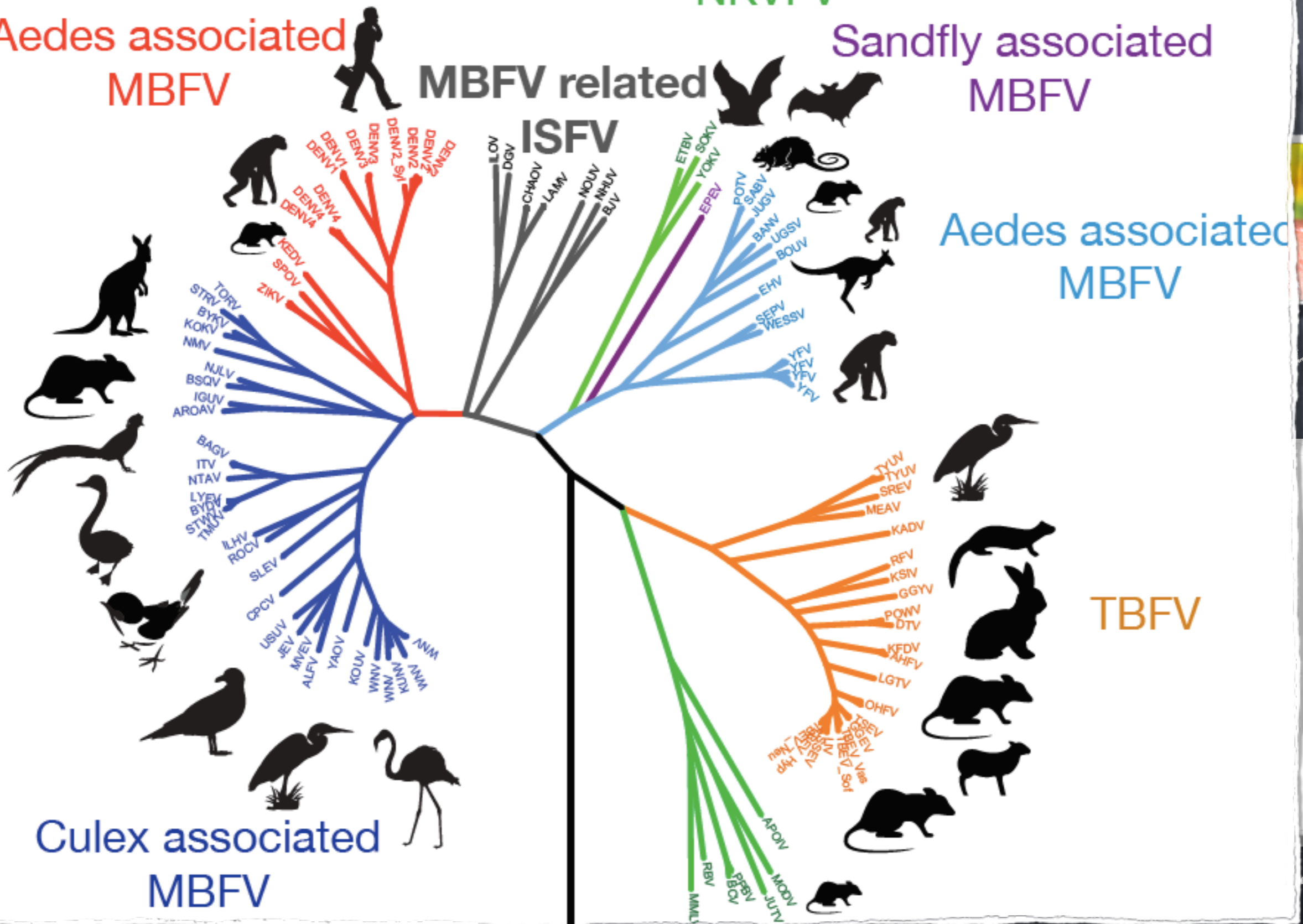
MBFV related

Sandfly associated  
MBFV

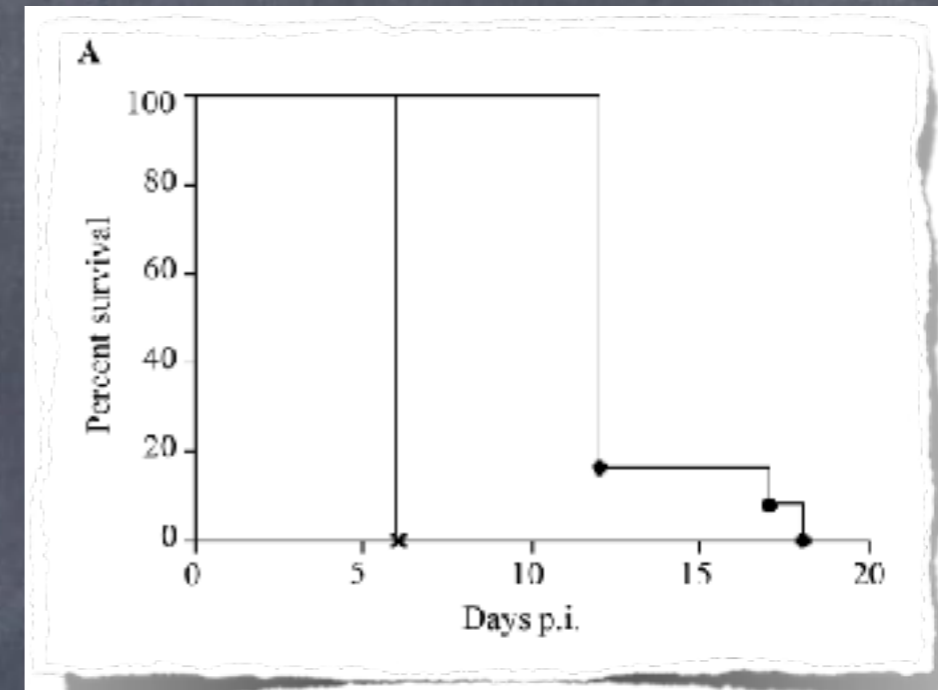
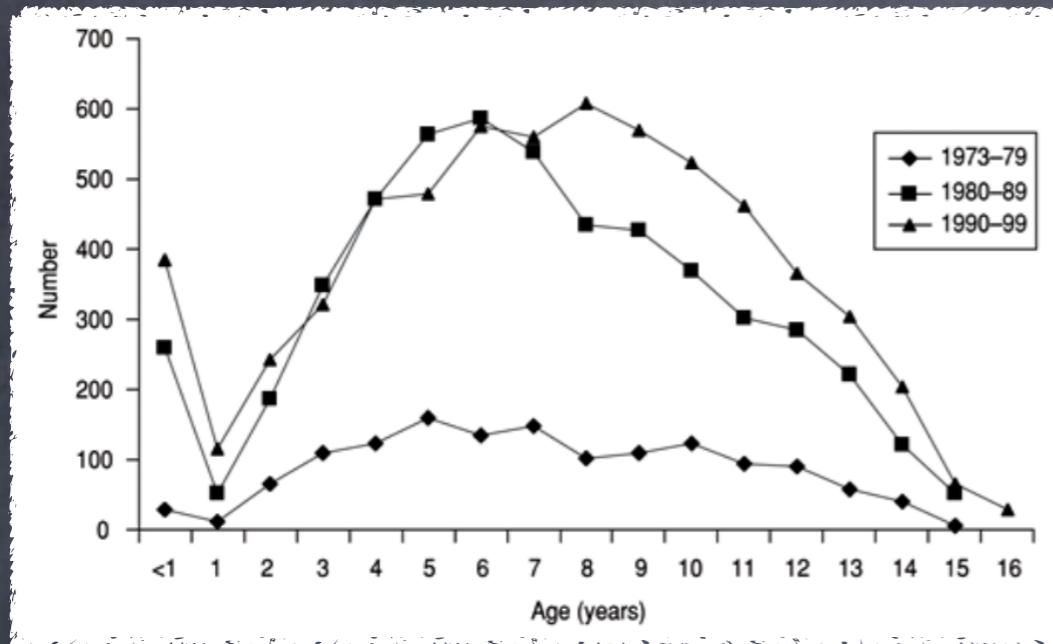
Aedes associated  
MBFV

TBFV

Culex associated  
MBFV



# Antibody-dependent enhancement (ADE)



Halstead, Rev Panam Salud Publica 2006

Kliks et al, AJTMH 1988

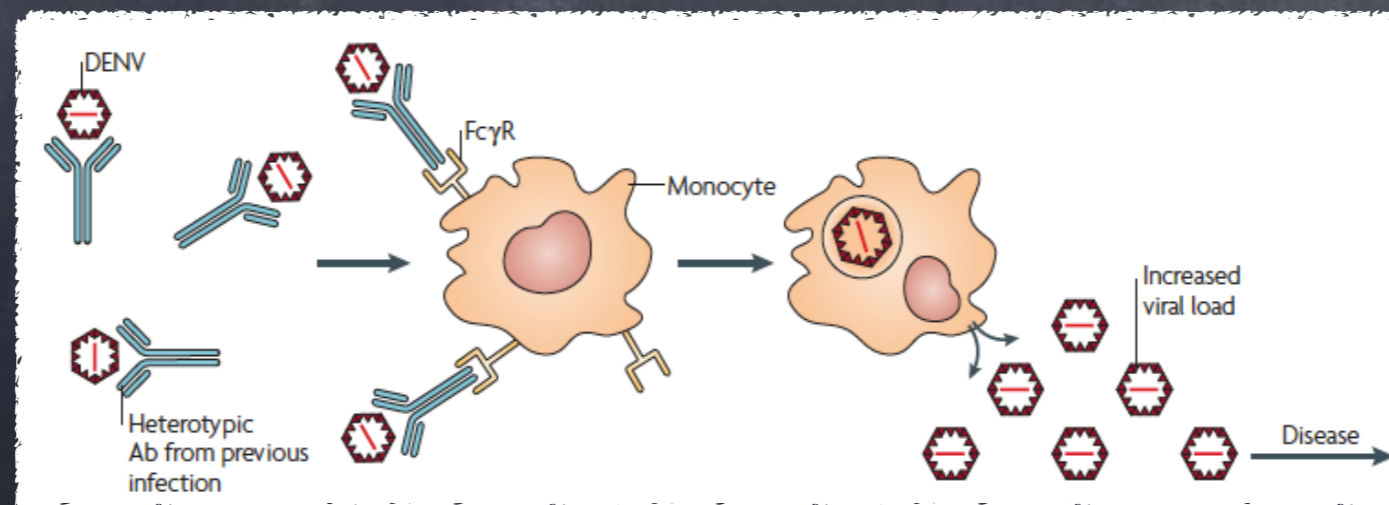
Simmons et al, J Infect Dis 2007

Libraty et al, PLoS Med 2009

Ng et al, PLoS Pathog 2014

Zellweger et al, Cell Host Microbe 2010

Balsitis et al, PLoS Pathog 2010,



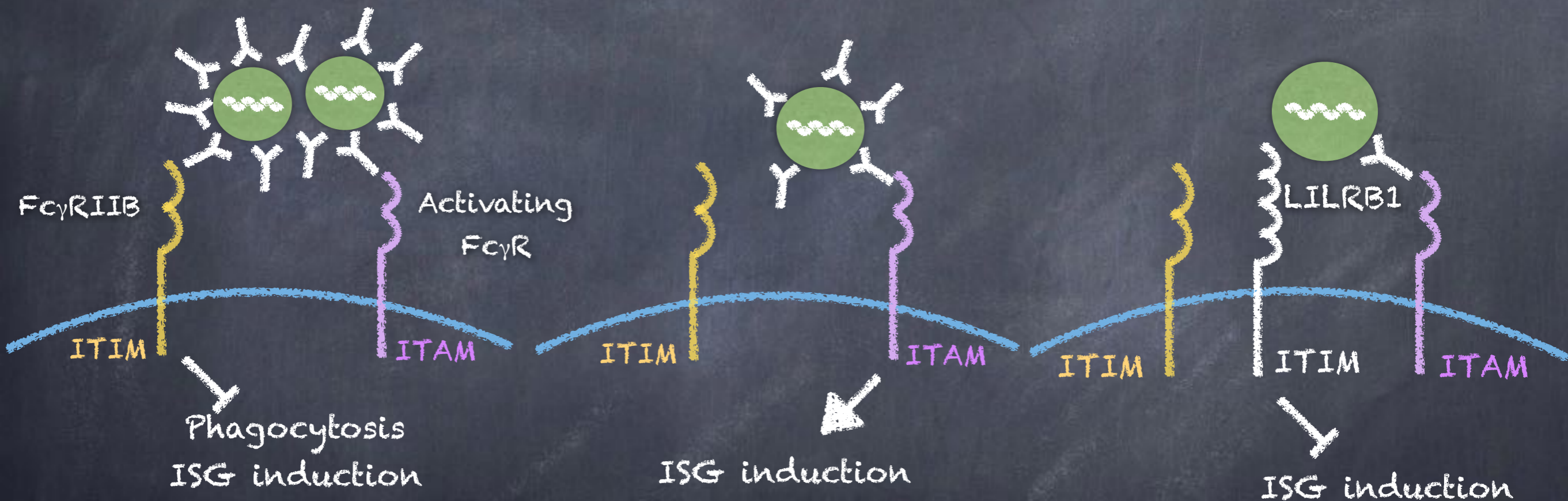
Whitehead et al, Nat Rev Microbiol 2007

# Antibody-dependent inhibition & enhancement of DENV infection

Infection inhibition



Infection enhancement



Chan et al, PNAS 2011  
Boonnak et al, J Immunol, 2013

Dhodapkar et al, J Exp Med 2007  
Wu et al, Antiviral Res 2012  
Robinson et al, Cell 2016

Chan et al, PNAS 2014  
Ong et al, Sci Rep 2017  
Gan et al, EMBO J, in press

# DENV is trafficked to lymph nodes post-inoculation

Intradermal/  
subcutaneous virus/  
vaccine inoculation

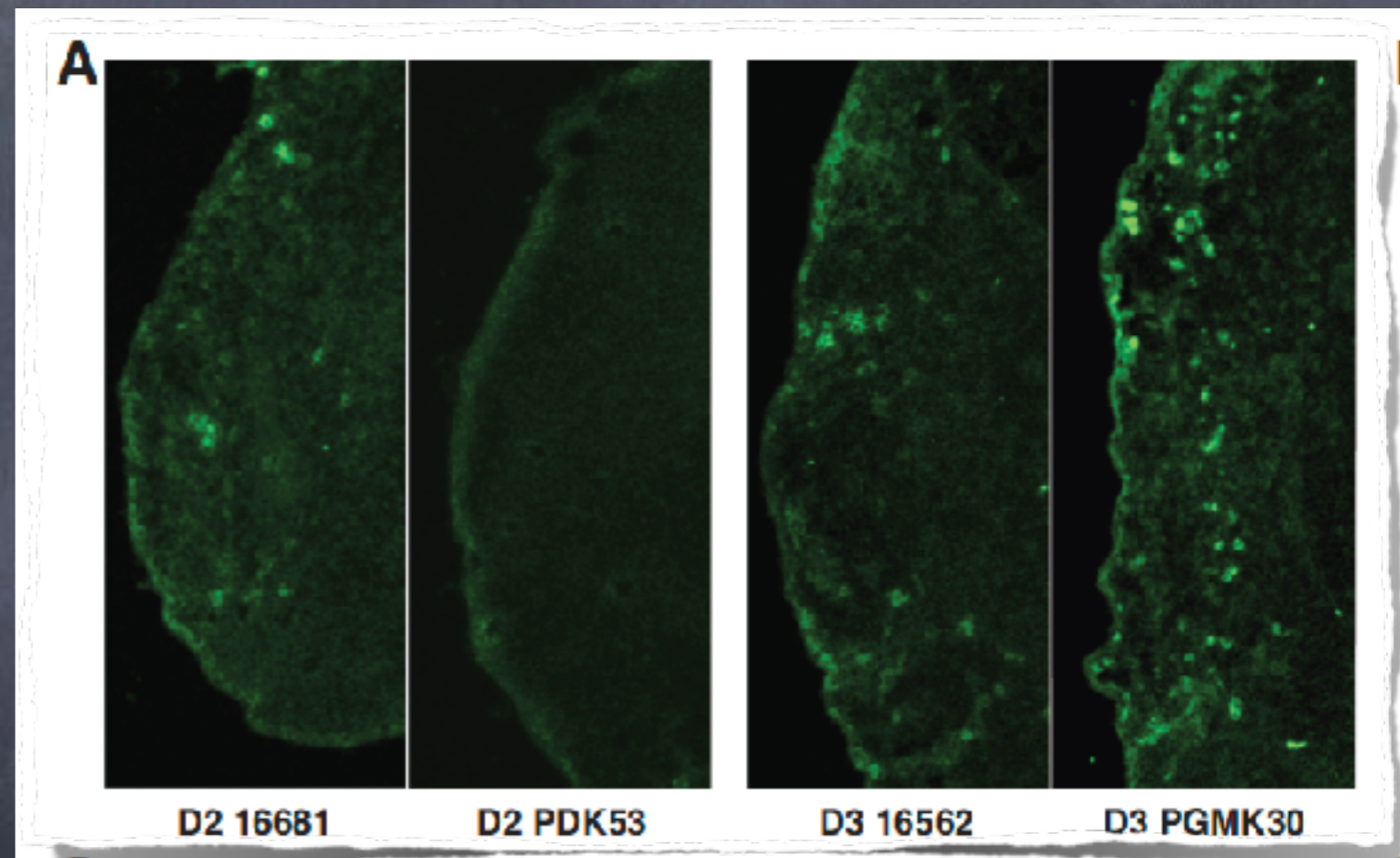


Uptake by antigen  
presenting cells

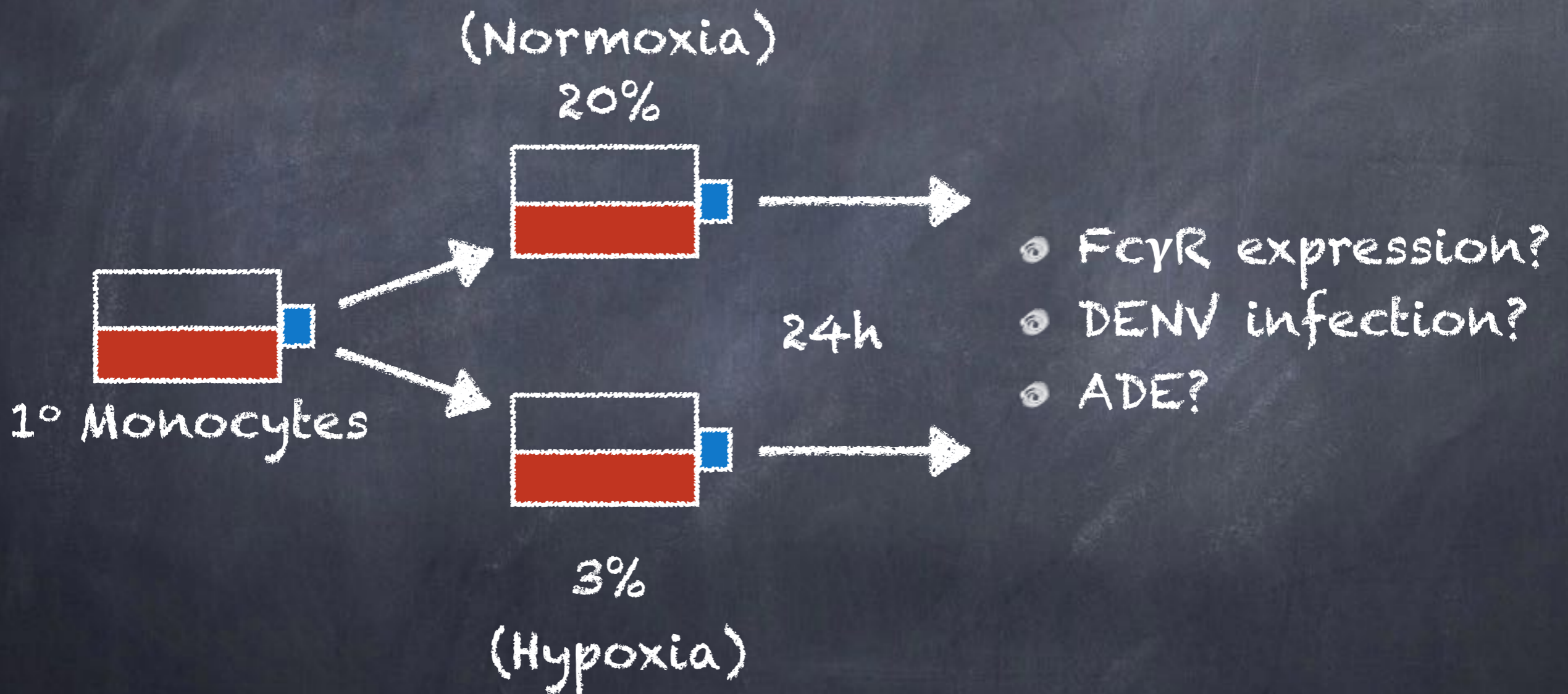


Draining lymph nodes  
Physiological O<sub>2</sub> levels ~3%

IFA of DENV in popliteal lymph nodes  
24h post footpad inoculation

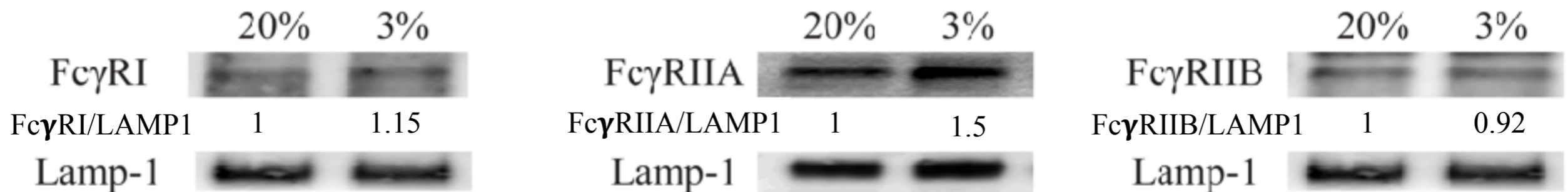
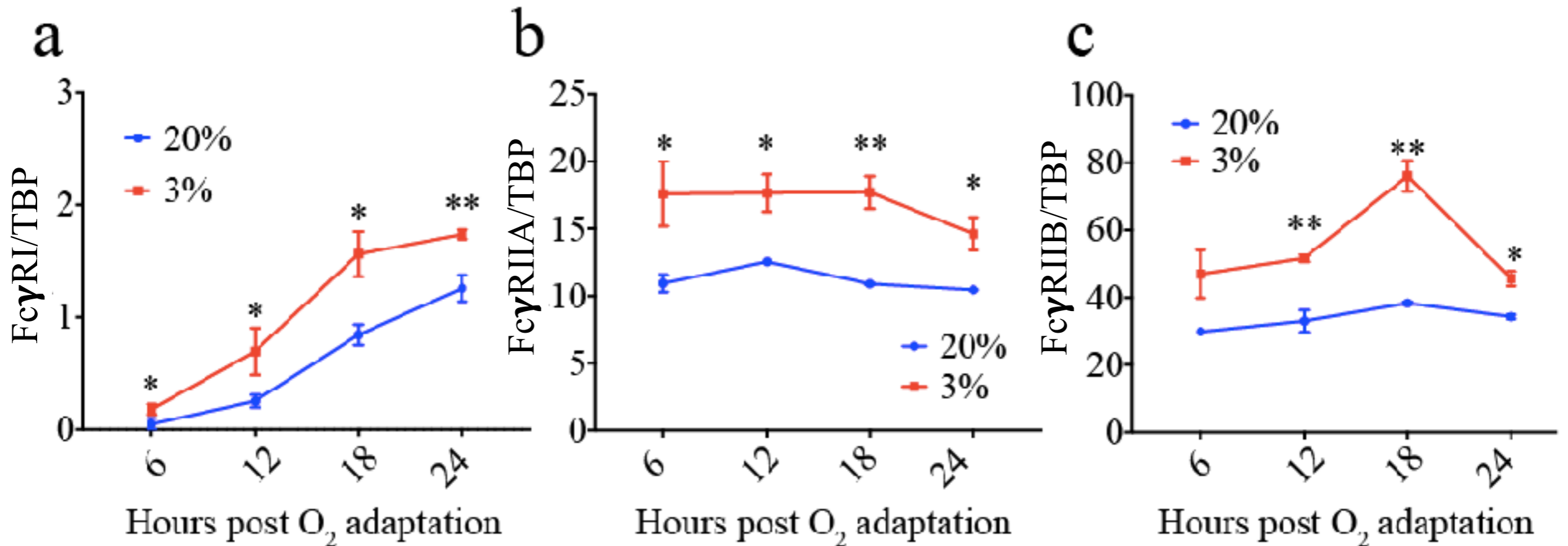


# What is the effect of hypoxia on ADE?

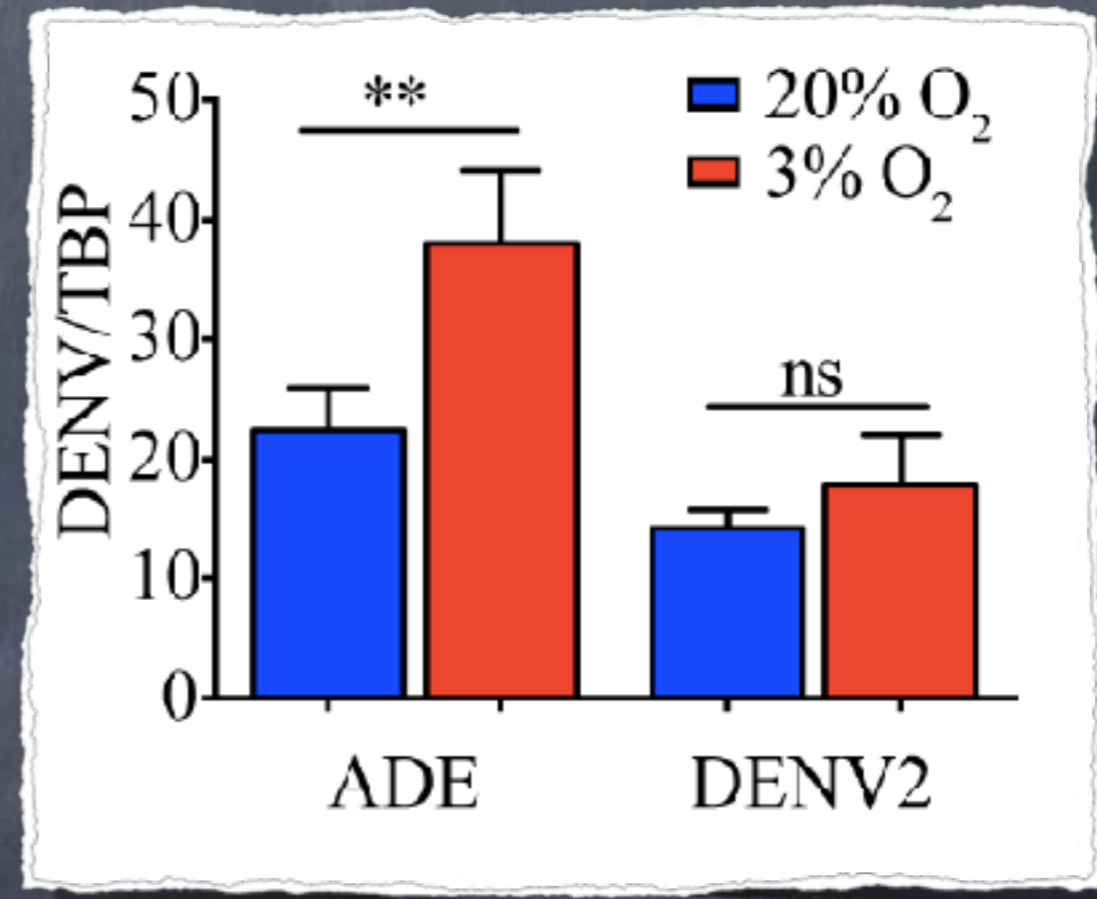
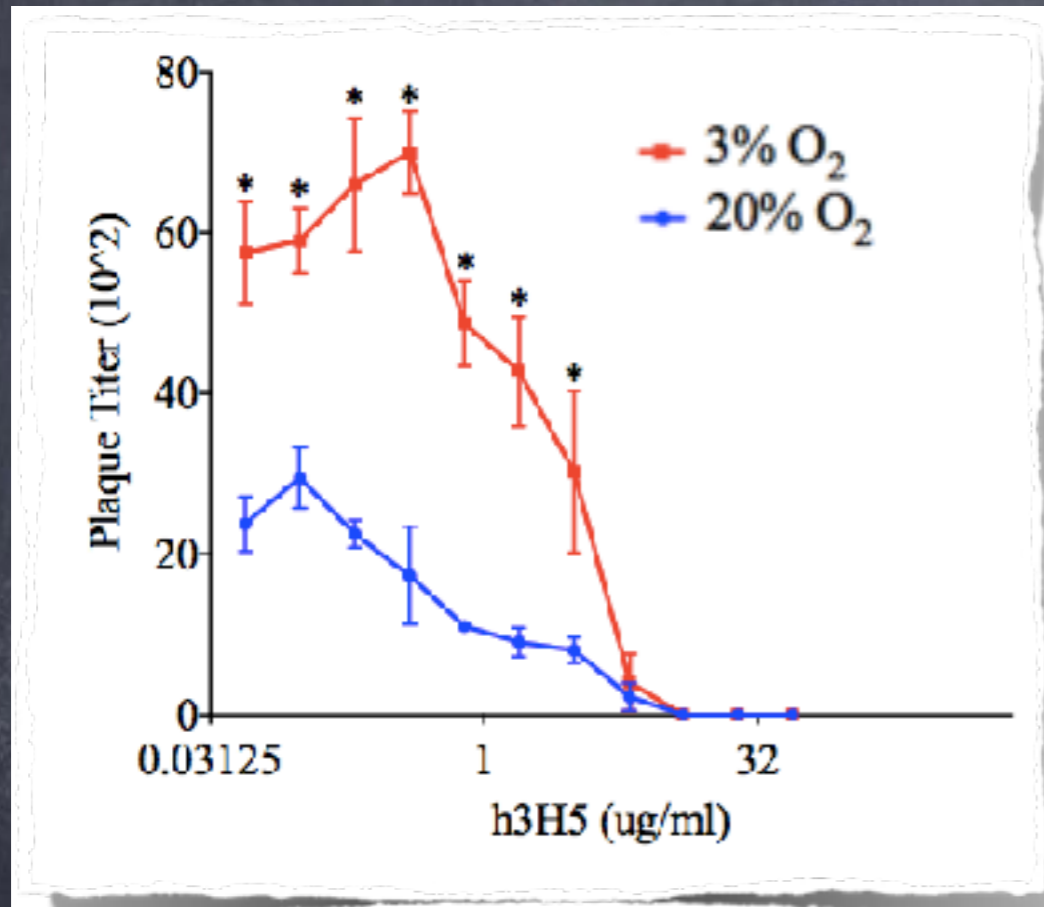


# FcγRIIA expression increases under hypoxic conditions

Primary Monocytes



# Physiological O<sub>2</sub> levels in lymph nodes augment ADE

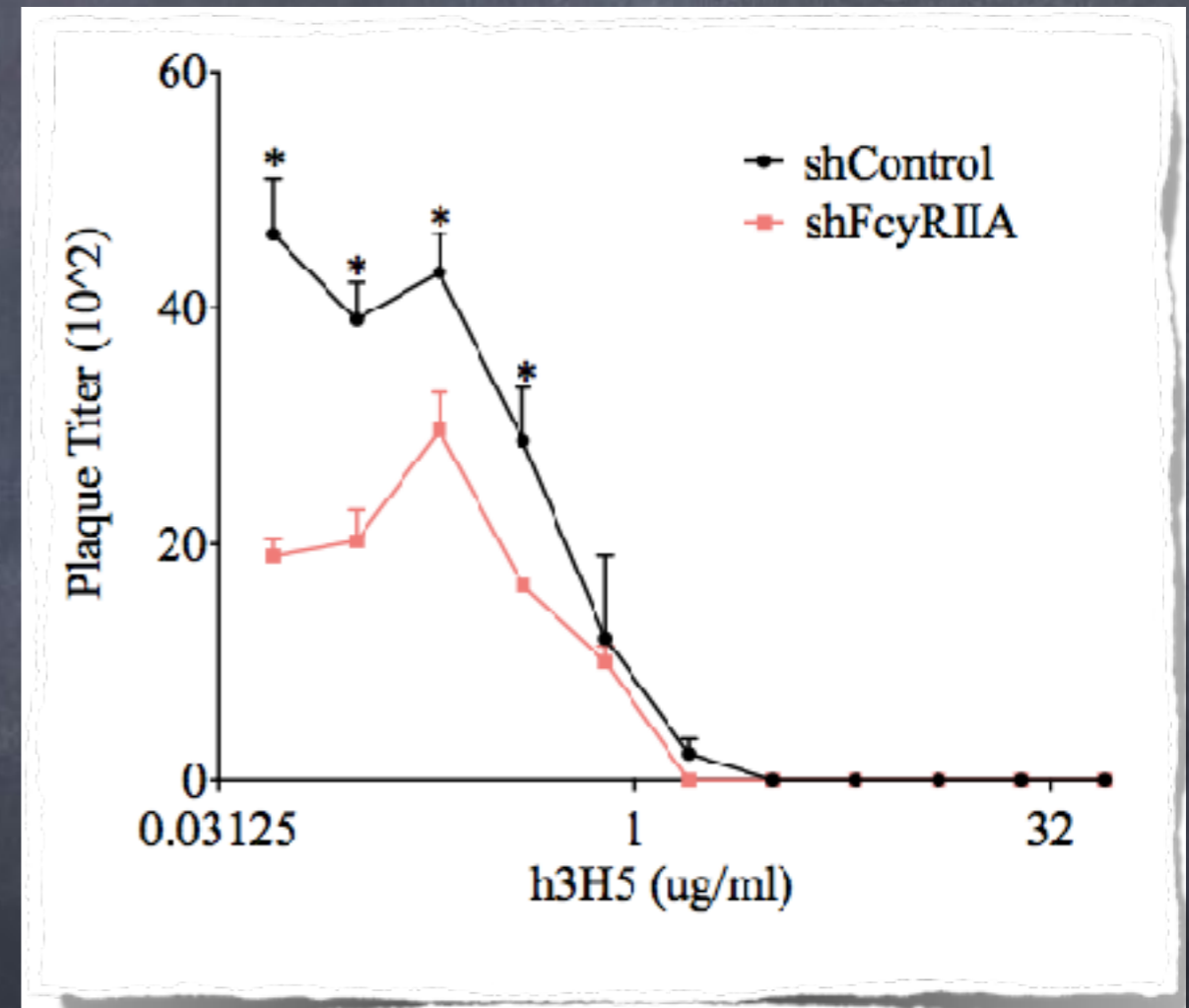
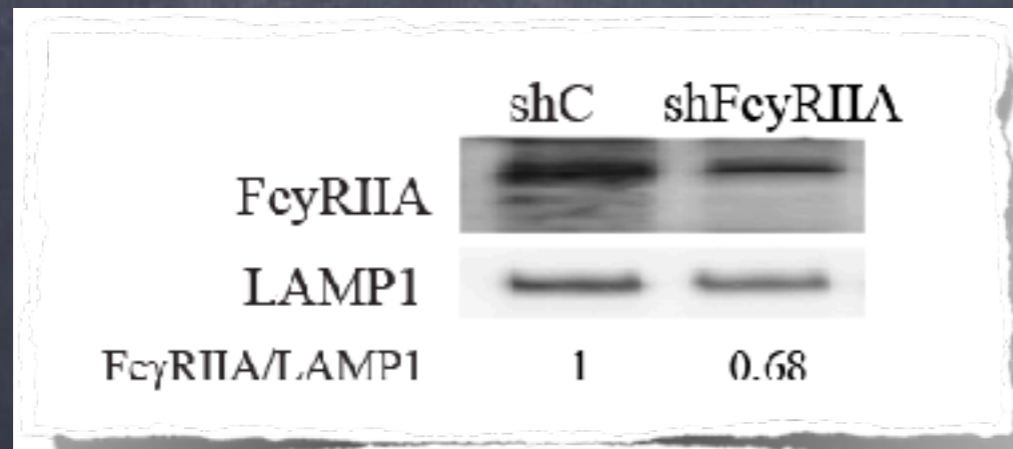


With pronase

→ Increased DENV entry 2h post-inoculation



# Knocking down FcγRIIA leads to reduced ADE in hypoxia



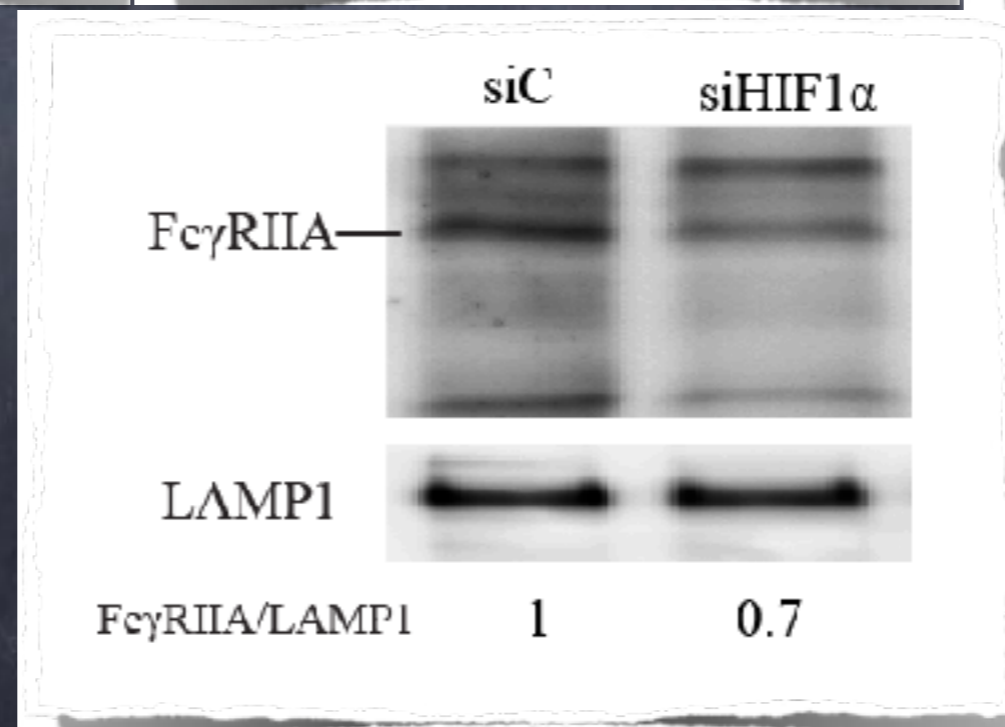
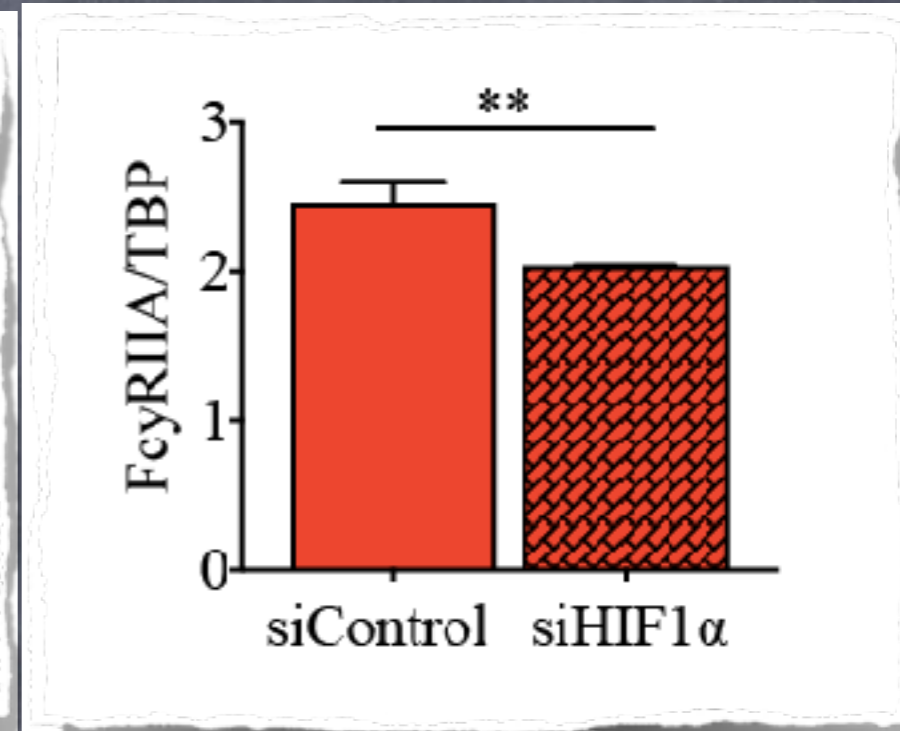
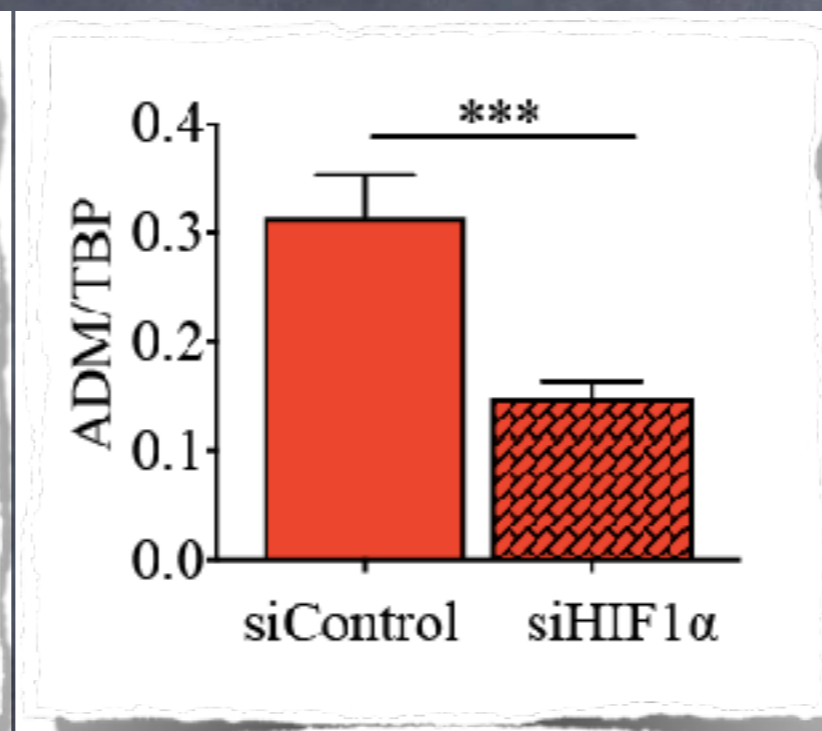
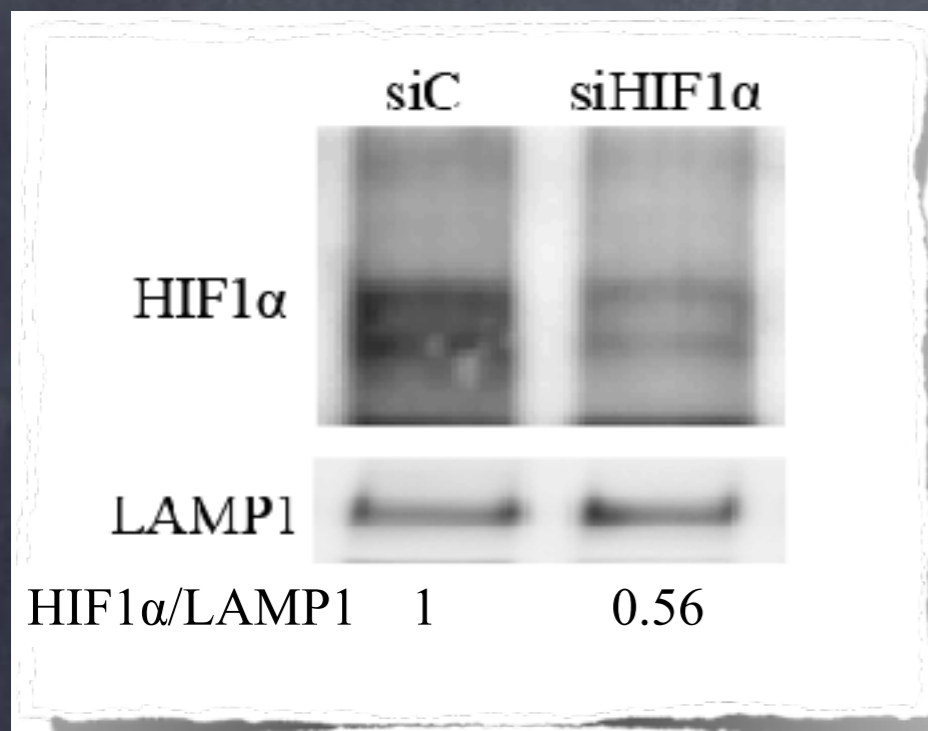
# HIF1 $\alpha$ - master regulator of hypoxic response

20%

3%

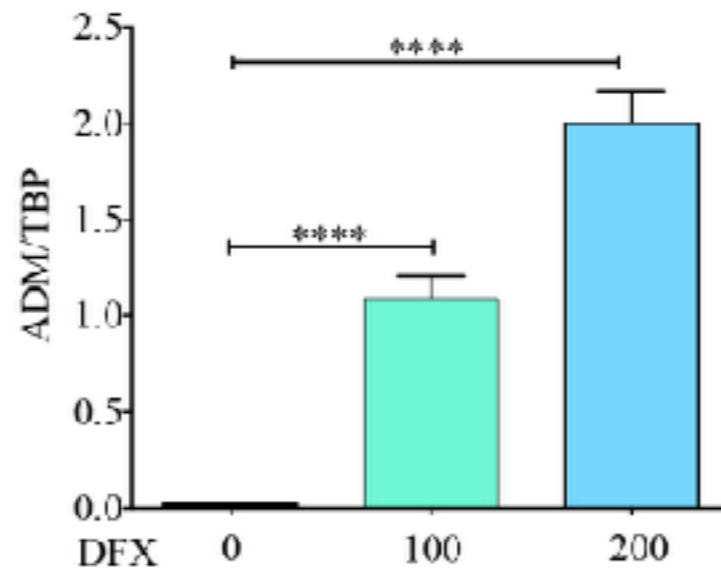
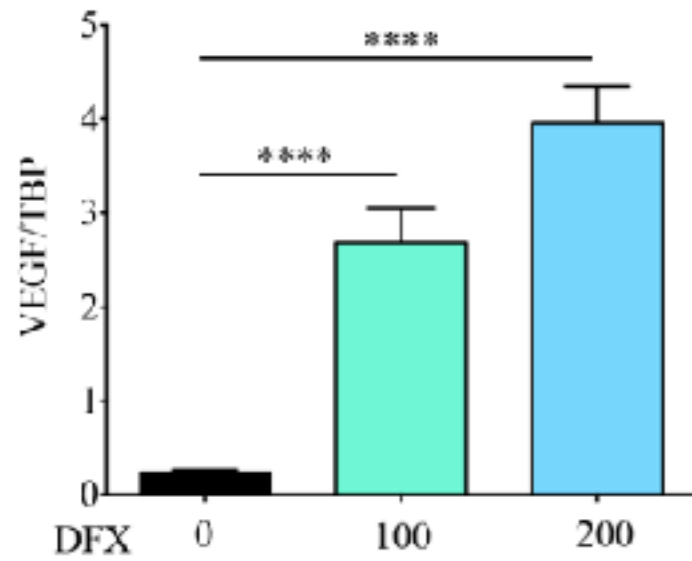


# HIF1 $\alpha$ knockdown reduces Fc $\gamma$ RIIA expression under hypoxic conditions

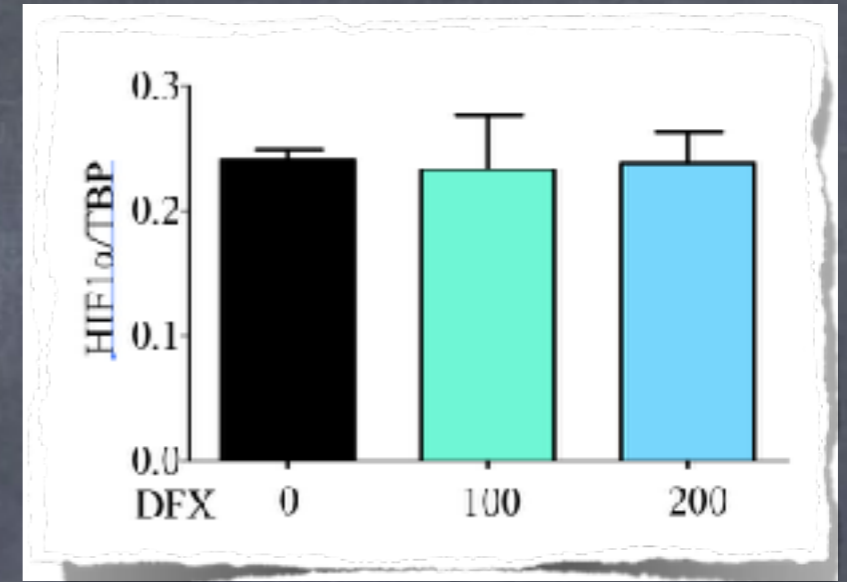


# Stabilising HIF1 $\alpha$ in normoxia with DFX treatment

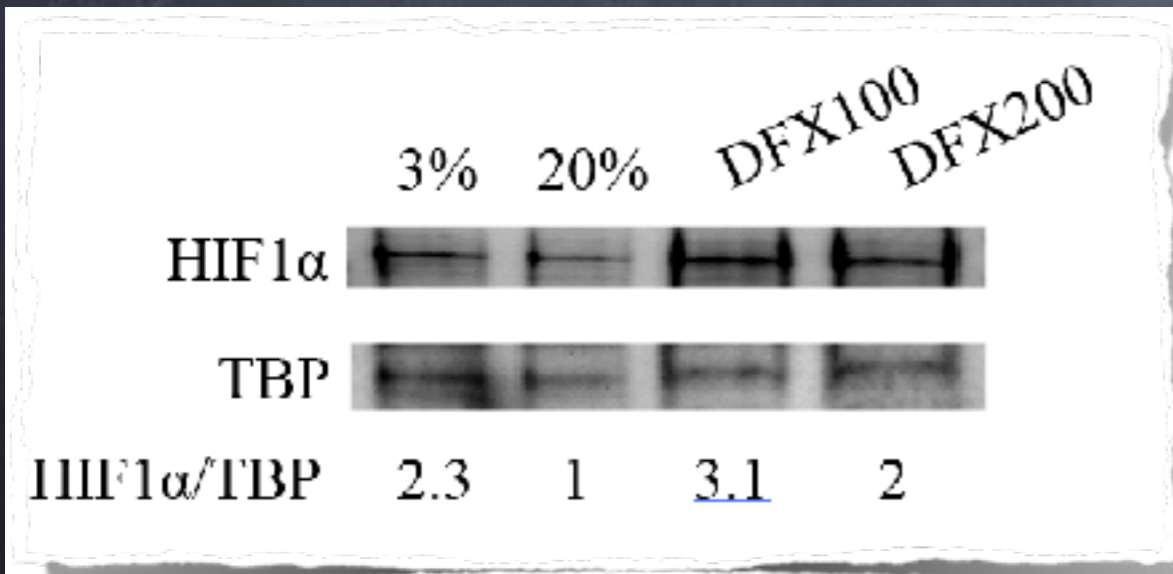
Increase in HIF1 $\alpha$  target genes



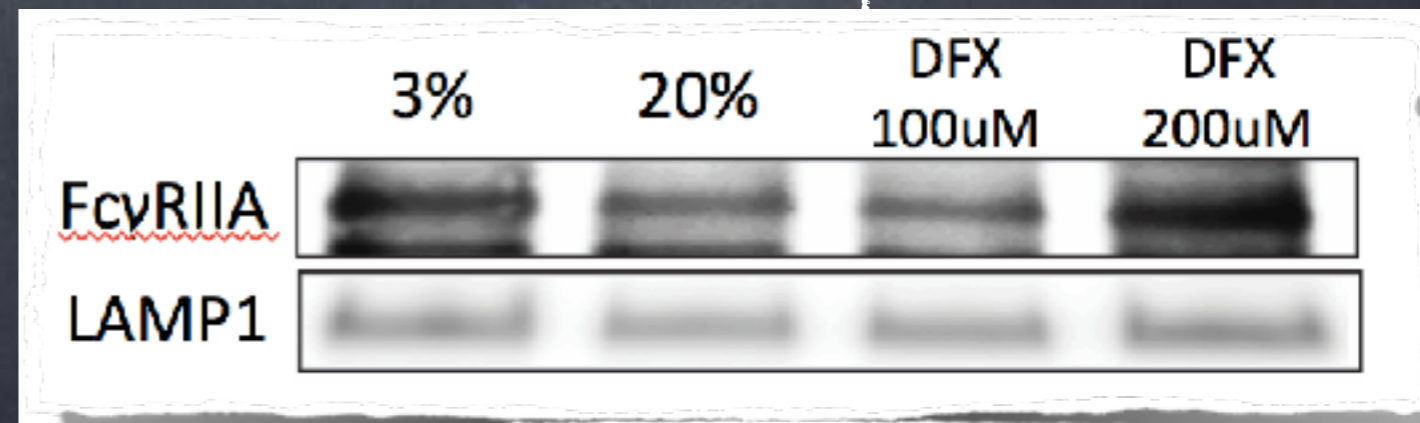
No change in HIF1 $\alpha$  mRNA



Increase HIF1 $\alpha$  nuclear translocation

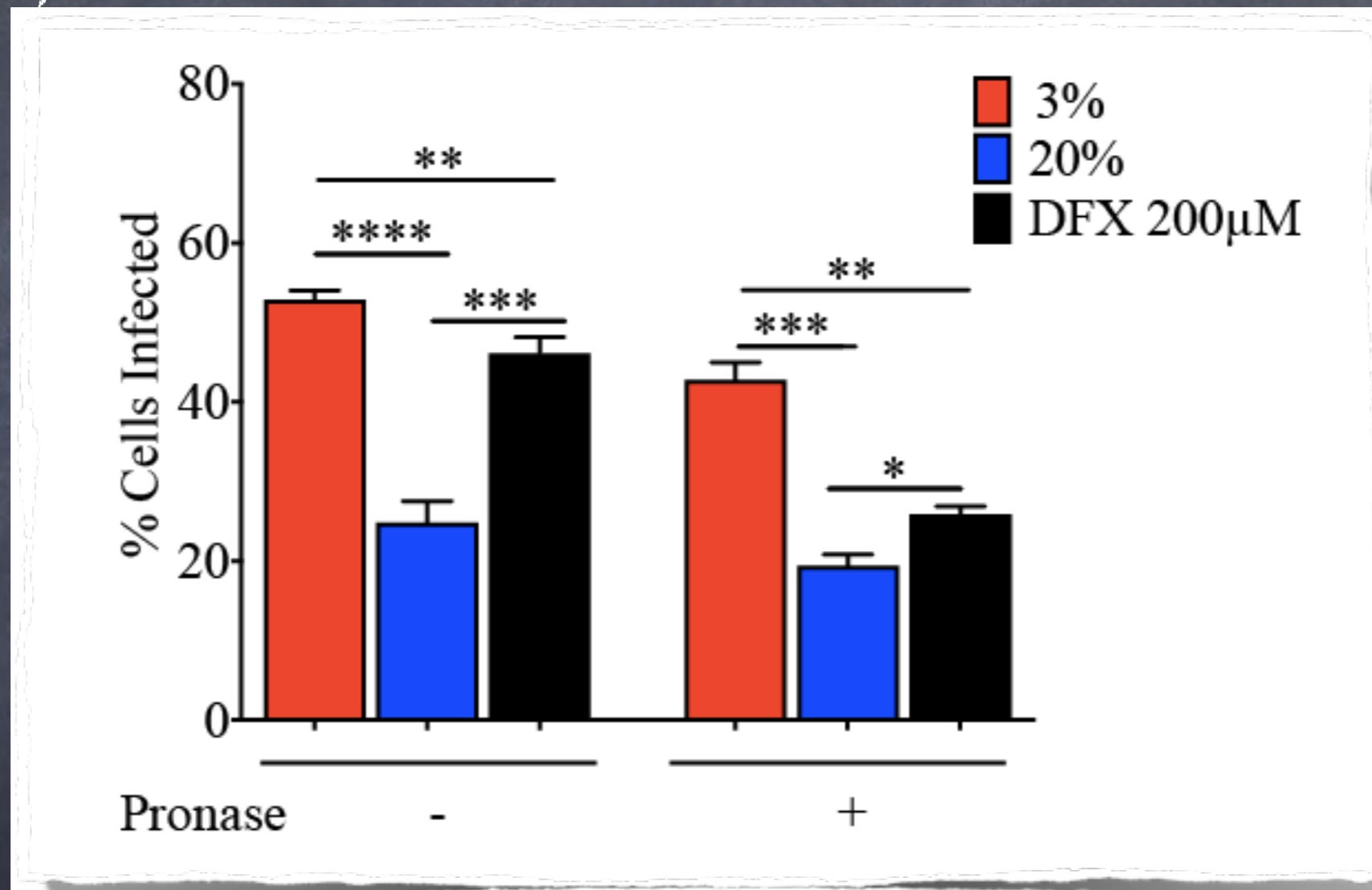


Dose-dependent increase in Fc $\gamma$ RIIA expression



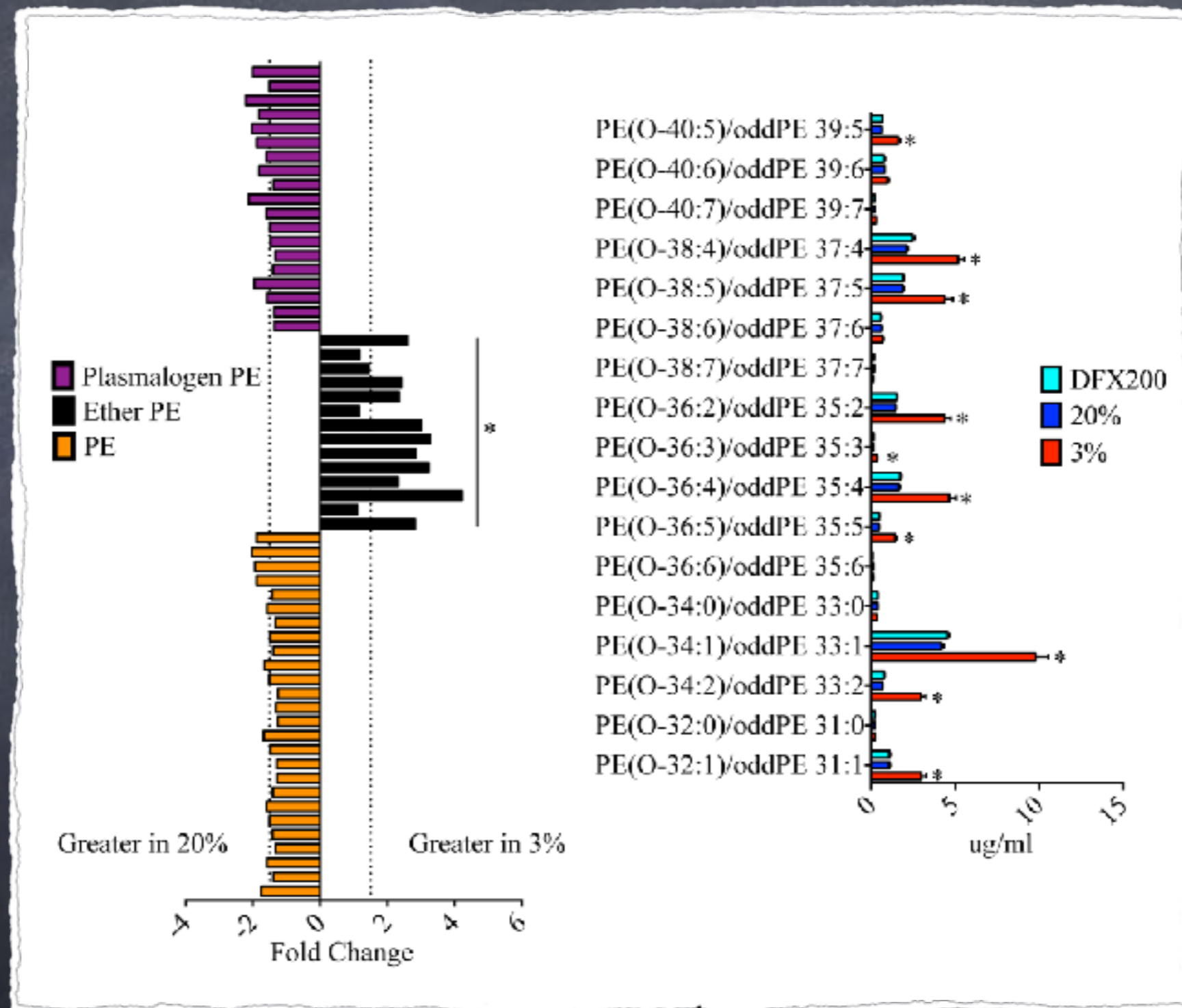
# Increase in FcγRIIA increases binding but not internalization

ADE infection with DFX treatment under normoxic conditions



ADE requires complementary hypoxia induced but HIF1 $\alpha$  independent factors?

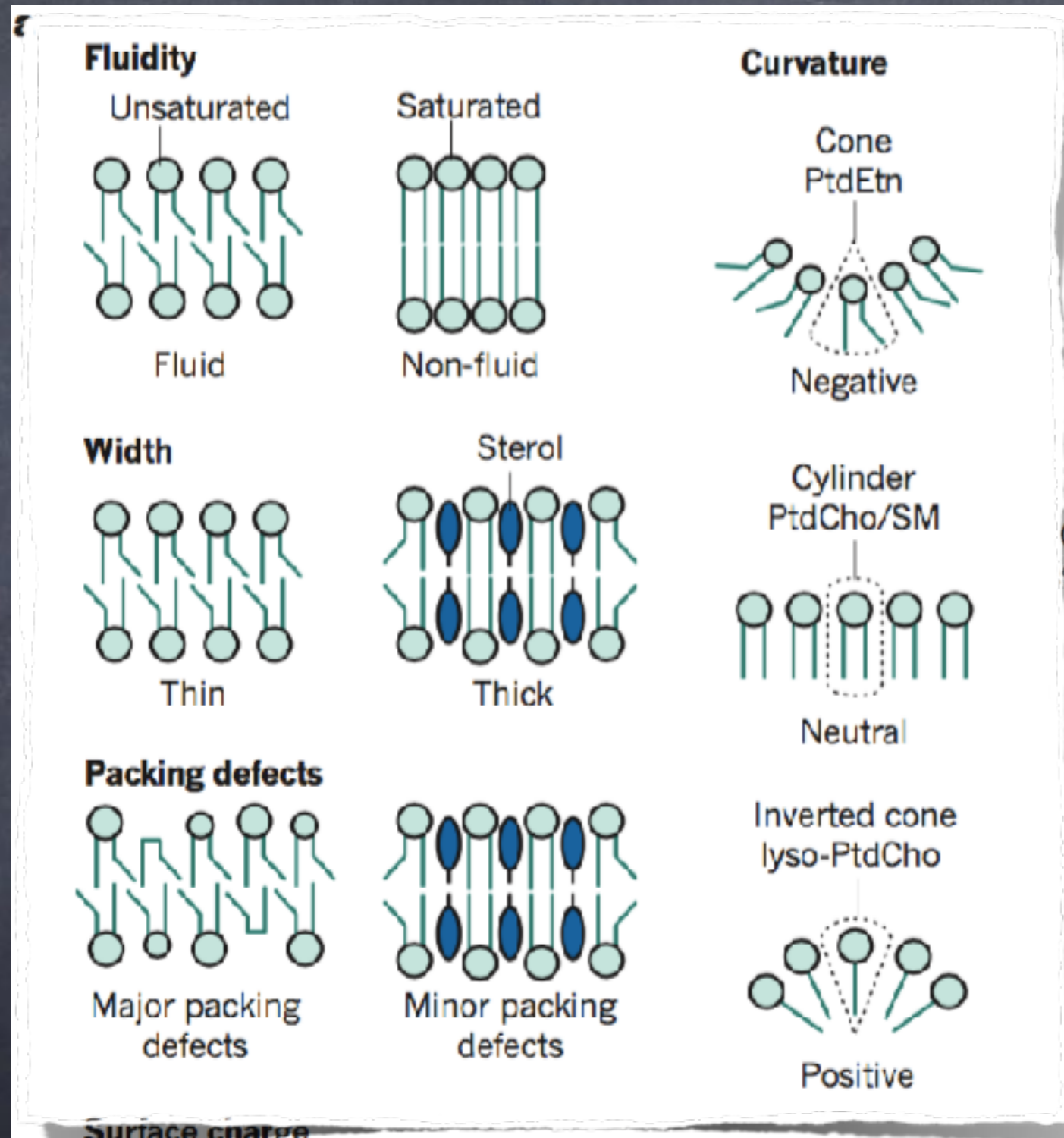
# Ether phosphoethanolamines upregulated in HIF1 $\alpha$ independent manner



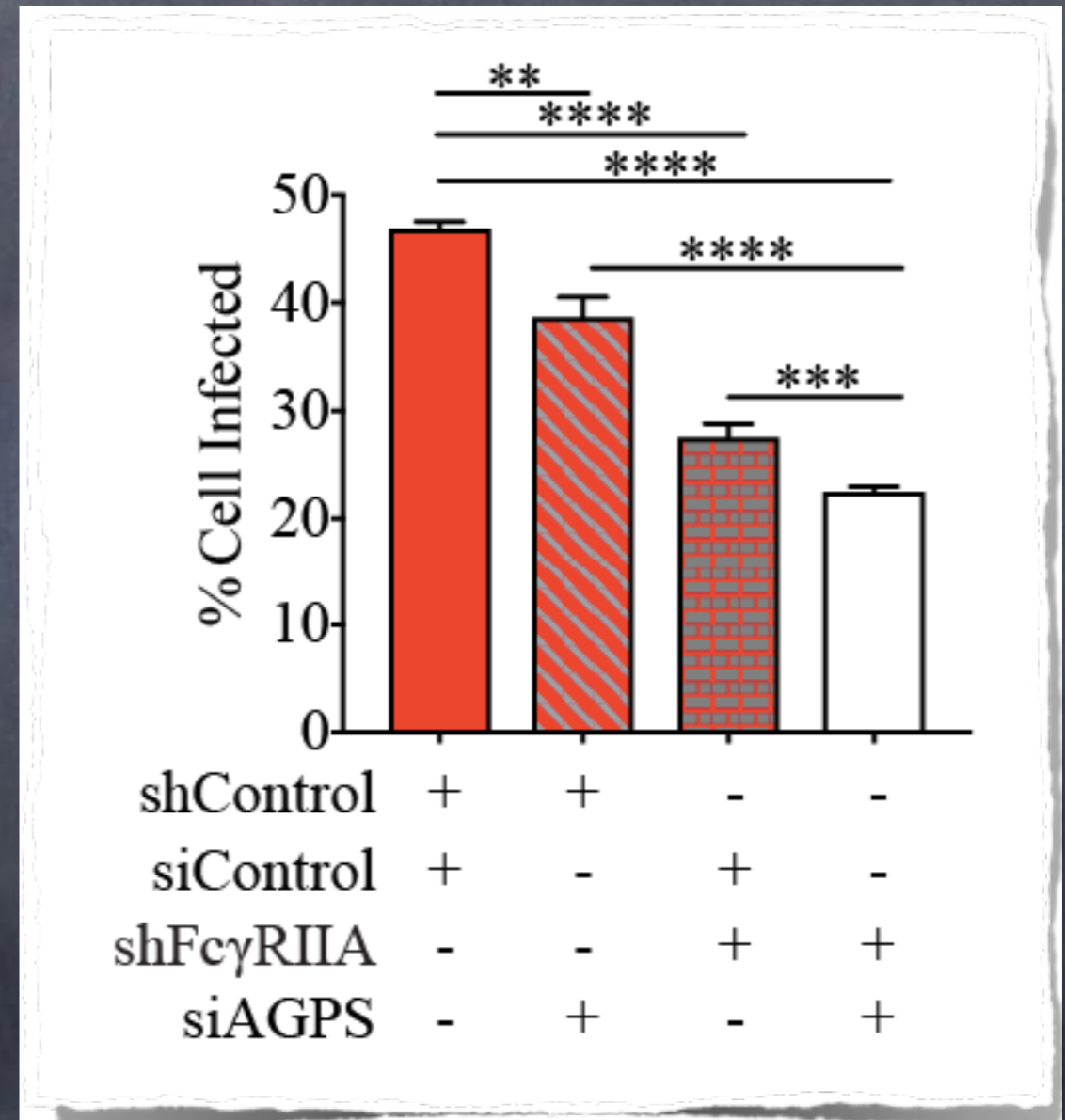
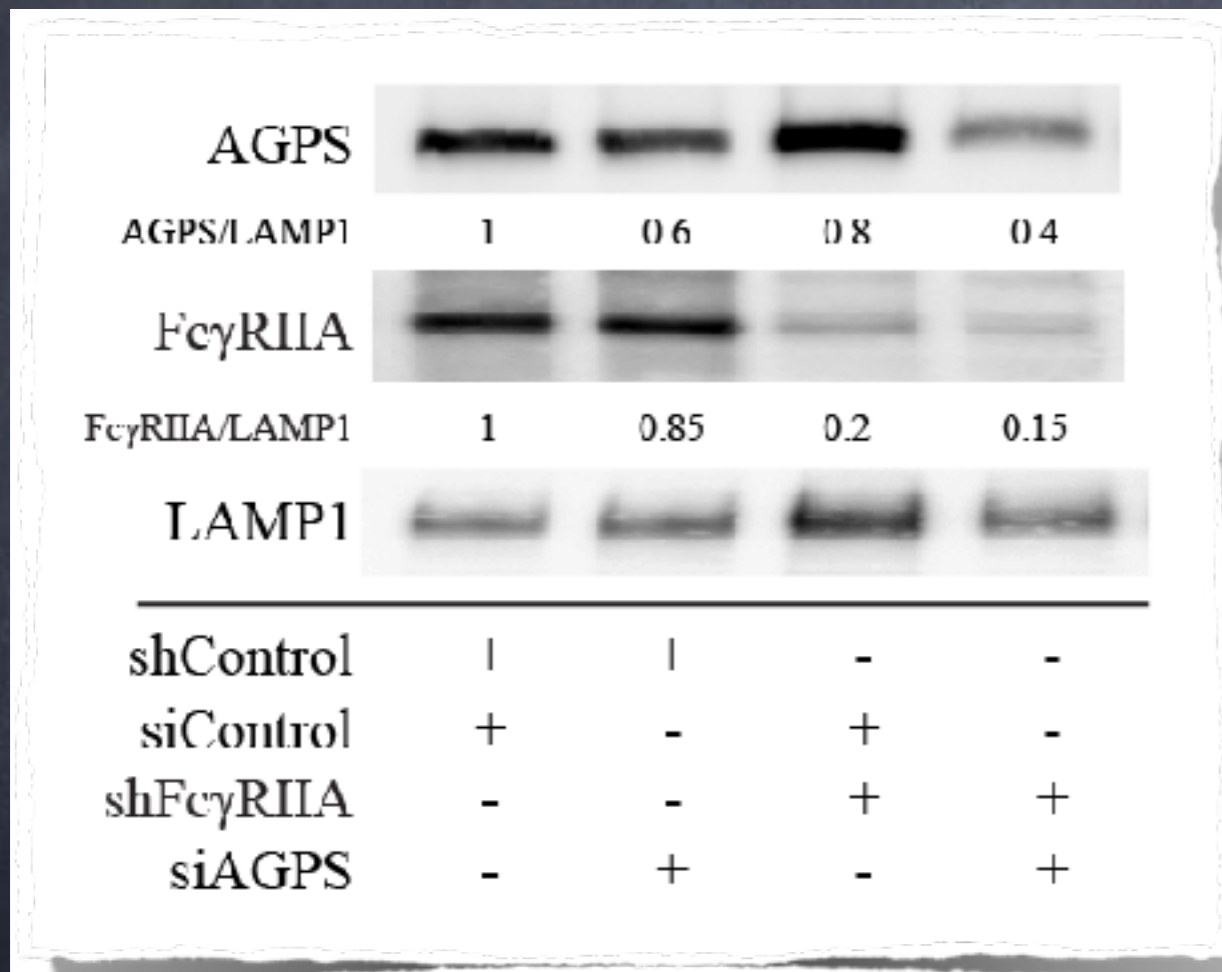
in collaboration with Markus Wenk

# Lipids affect membrane properties

Ether PEs →



# Ether lipids and FcγRIIA act synergistically for ADE under hypoxic conditions



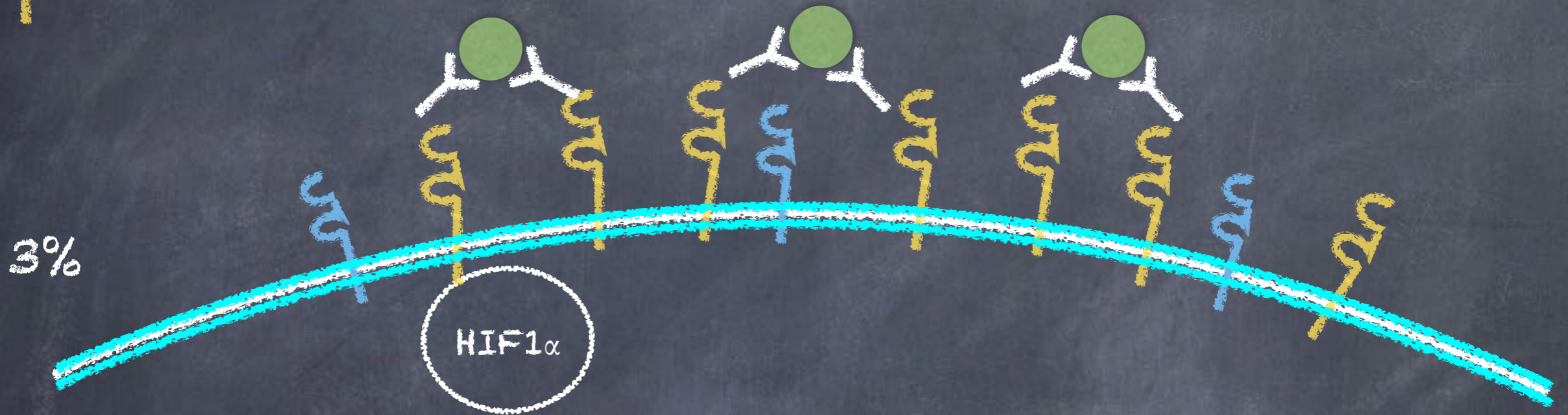


# Summary I

FcγRI

FcγRIIA

Preferential Binding of FcγRIIA



Increase ether PE

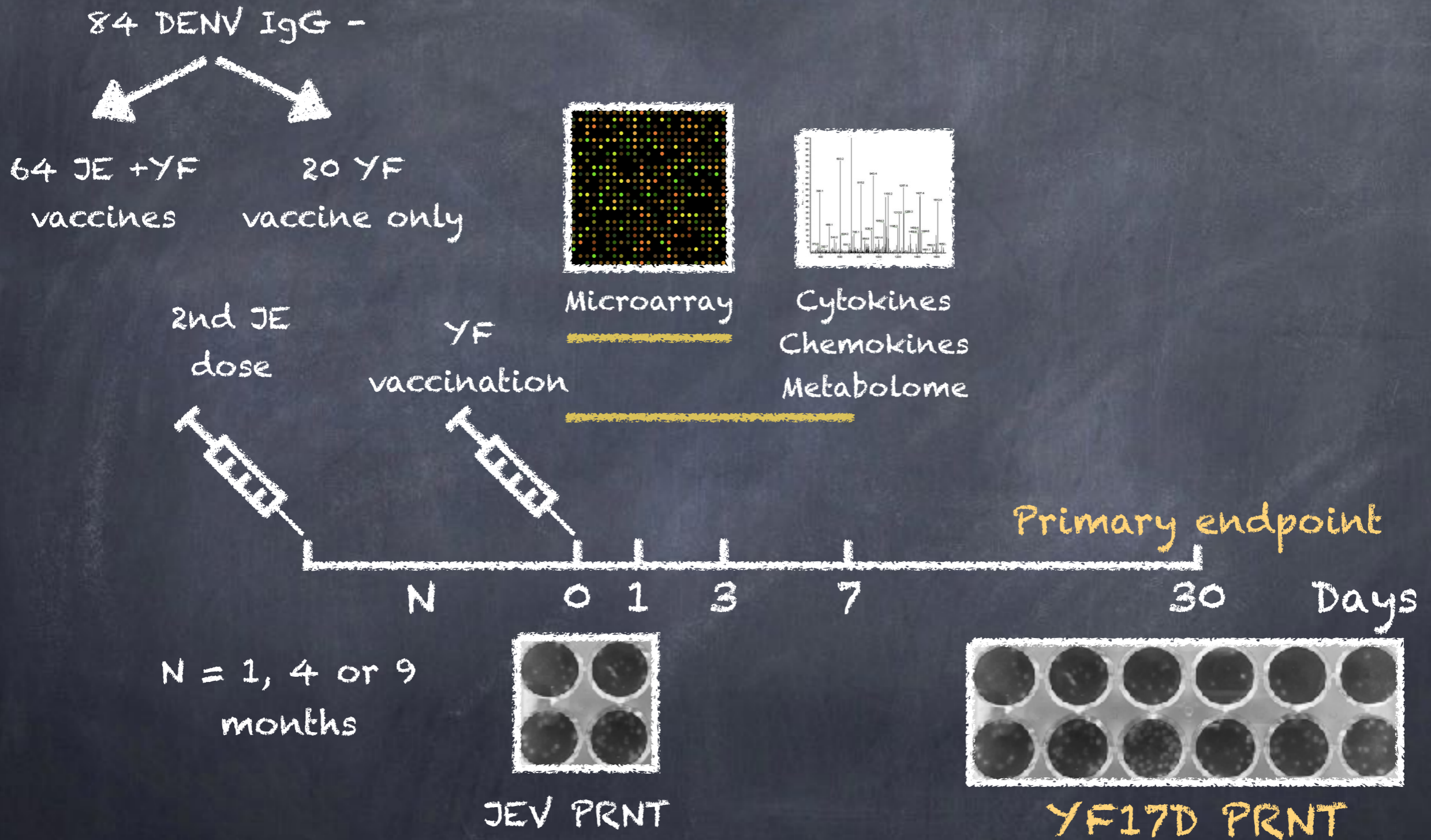
Increased Internalisation



Increased DENV enhancement

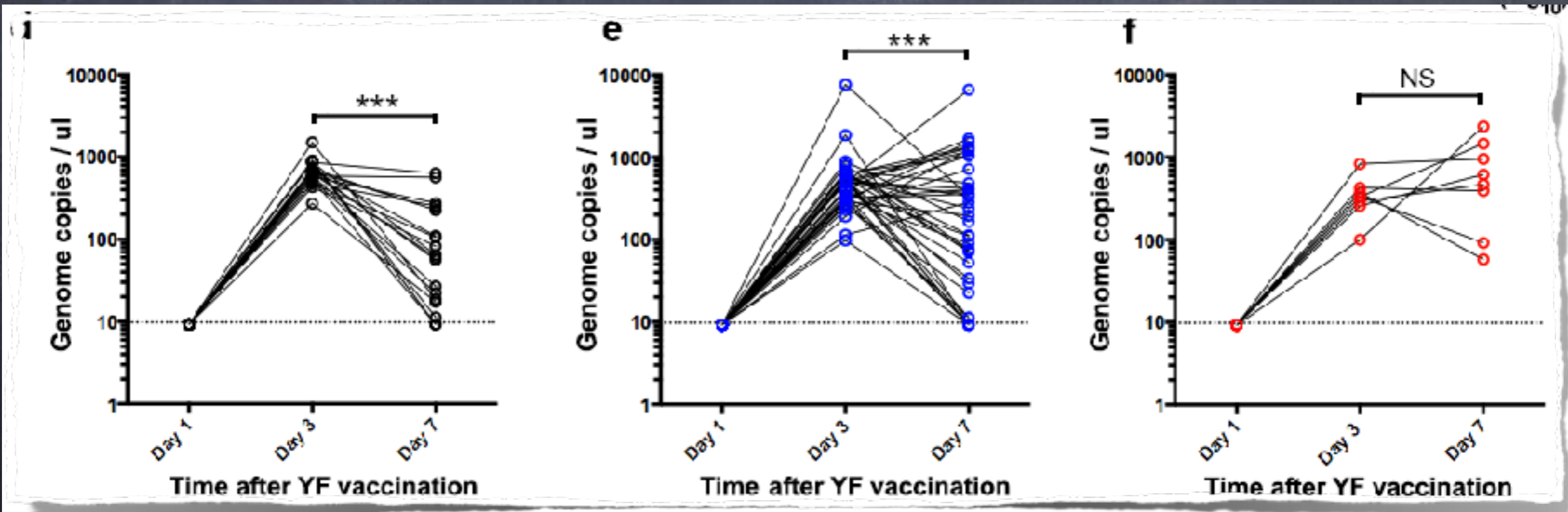
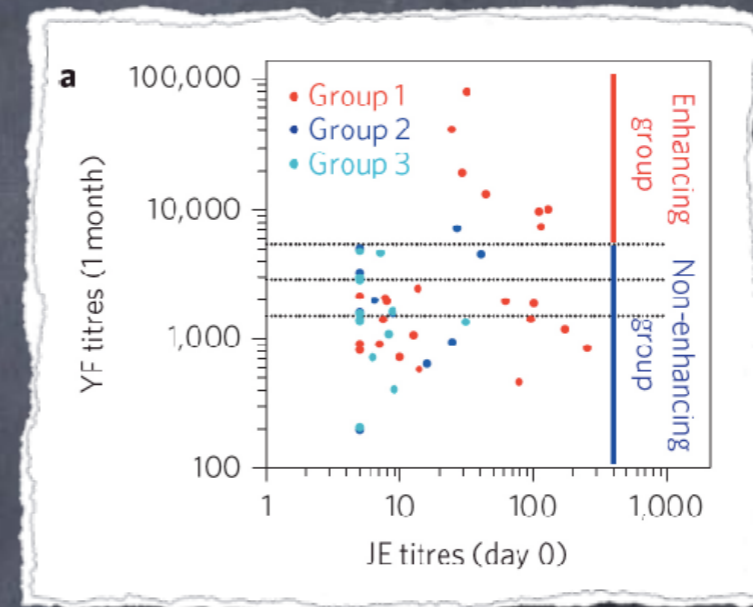
Is ADE clinically relevant?

# Trial overview





# Sustained viremia associated with enhanced YF antibody response

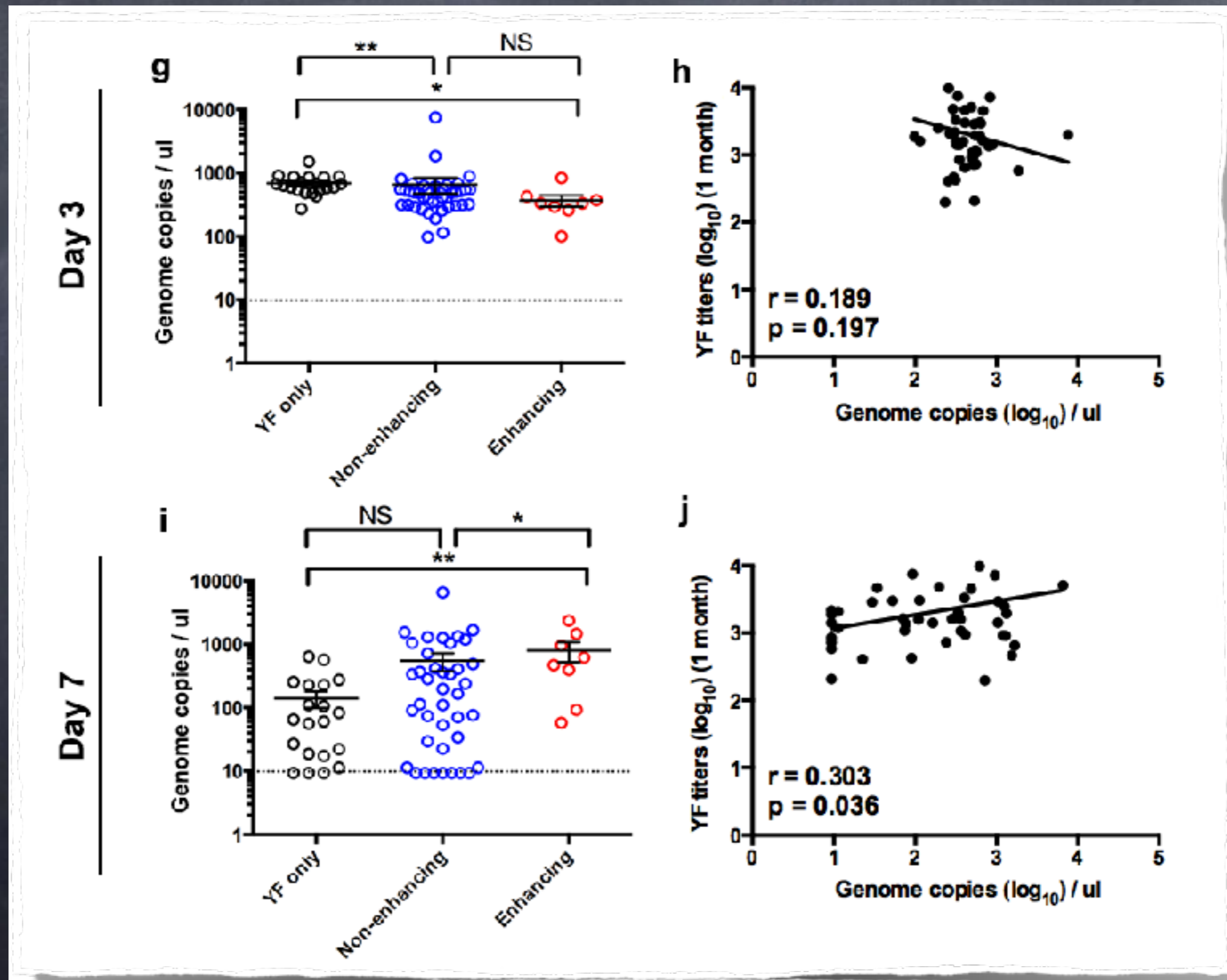


YF17D only

Non-enhancing

Enhancing

# YF17D viremia and its correlation with YF neutralising antibody titer



## Summary II

- Cross-reactive antibodies enhance YF17D immunogenicity
- Cross-reactive antibodies prolonged YF17D viremia
- Host response to YF vaccination includes pathways intrinsic to activating  $FC\gamma R$

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Medicine Unit

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Aland Shum

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Sue Tee

Singapore MIT

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Research and

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Steven Tannenbaum

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